

THE STATE OF HAWAII.

Joint Resolution Offered in Congress to Annex the Islands.

PEOPLE TO VOTE ON QUESTION.

Final Action On or Before January, 1898—Terms Under Which the Country is to be Transferred—To Have One Congress Representative.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The following joint resolution relating to the Hawaiian Islands, offered by Representative Spaulding (R.) of Michigan, was read in the House today and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs:

"That Congress doth consent that the territory properly included with it and rightfully belonging to the Government of Hawaii, and commonly known as the Sandwich Islands, may be erected into a new State, to be called the State of Hawaii, with a republican form of government to be adopted by the people of said Government of Hawaii, by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent of the existing Government, in order that the same may be admitted as one of the States of this union.

"Further, that the foregoing consent of Congress is given upon the following conditions and with the following guarantees, to-wit:

"1. Said State to be formed subject to the adjustment by this Government of all questions of boundary or jurisdiction that may arise with other governments or former governments of Hawaii; and the constitution thereof, with the proper evidence of its adoption by the people of the Government of Hawaii, shall be transmitted to the President of the United States, to be laid before Congress for its final action on or before January 1, 1898.

"2. Said State, when admitted into the Union, after ceding to the United States all public property and means belonging to the Government of Hawaii, shall retain all public funds of every kind which may belong to or be due said Governments, and also all vacant and unpopulated lands lying within its limits, to be applied to the payments of the debts and liabilities of said Government of Hawaii, the residue of said lands to be disposed of as said State may direct; but in no case are said debts and liabilities to become a charge upon the United States.

"Further, that if the President of the United States shall in his judgment deem it most advisable instead of proceeding to submit the foregoing resolution to the Government of Hawaii as an overture on the part of the United States for admission, to negotiate with that Government, then, resolved, that a State to be formed out of the present Government of Hawaii, with one representative in Congress, shall be admitted into the Union by virtue of this act as soon as the terms and conditions of such admission shall be agreed upon by the Governments of Hawaii and the United States, and that \$100,000 be appropriated to defray the expenses of missions and negotiations either by treaty or articles as the President may decide."

POLICY OF DOLE.

Tells Kate Field It is Annexation to United States.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—In the Times-Herald of tomorrow will be printed an interview with President Sanford B. Dole of Hawaii, had by Miss Kate Field. The interview is elaborate, filling several columns and touching closely on the Hawaiian policy on international questions. Although it does not appear in Miss Field's letter, the talk was had in the presence of Mr. Dole's Cabinet, the members of which subscribed to their chief's opinions unreservedly. Miss Field called his attention to the fact that his Government had been said to be characterized by an insane desire to perpetuate itself in office.

Mr. Dole said: "The fact that the Government is working for annexation to the United States is a good denial of that charge. Annexation may deprive us, or many of us, of office. In the higher offices are men to whom it means personal sacrifice and business loss to discharge their duties. It is simply a slander to say this desire for annexation is simply a pretense. We are working in good faith, and I believe the people appreciate the fact. As to the form of annexation that would best meet our requirements, it is difficult to say. A territorial form of government, unmodified from the form obtaining in the United States Territories would scarcely be suitable. Probably the best course would be to gradually develop from our present system, the Federal authorities, of course, having from the beginning jurisdiction over custom houses, post-offices and Federal courts. Our own Government should not be limited by the United States the same as territory. A new system would have to be invented to suit our conditions. Much the same as is the practice of England in establishing a new colony. There is no system. Each new colony is organized as the necessity of the case demands."

In reply to a statement by Miss Field that she had been told if the United States did not annex the Hawaiian Islands, they would be offered to England, Mr. Dole said: "Our sole policy is annexation to the United States."

Other parts of the interview relate to the domestic, political and material affairs of the islands. Profit-sharing is taking the place of contract labor, and other business and social improvements have been established.

W. R. Castle Interviewed.

W. R. Castle, Minister from Hawaii to the United States, arrived from Oakland on his way to Honolulu, and will sail today, says the S. F. Chronicle of Jan. 19th.

Minister Castle is in favor of the joint resolution introduced by Spaulding of Michigan for the annexation of

Hawaii, but he says the dispatch as transmitted concerning the resolution is a little obscure. It implies that the resolution is for annexation as a State; but he says that, as he understands it, Hawaii has not population enough for this. It has about 100,000 people, while 173,000 is required by the laws of the United States.

"However, if it can be fixed up so that we can be admitted as a State so much the better," said Mr. Castle. "The people would be satisfied to come in either as a State or as a territory. There is one thing, we have more population than they have in Nevada, where, all told, they have now but 40,000.

"The proposition to submit the matter to a vote in Hawaii would be generally approved, and I am convinced that it would carry.

"Mr. Cleveland has treated me in the most courteous manner. I would not be at all surprised if he would favor annexation. It is worthy of note that in no public message has he really opposed it.

"The cable project is coming along all right. I refer to the project of Mr. Spaulding of Honolulu. Congress is in favor of it. The proposition is that capitalists shall build it and that Congress shall take it at its actual cost. It will be built, I think."

SENATOR HALE'S BILL.

Puts the Pacific Cable Project Before the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Among the important bills introduced in the Senate today was one by Hale, authorizing the Postmaster-General to contract with the Pacific Cable Company for the construction of a telegraphic cable between San Francisco and Honolulu, Hawaii. The United States is to pay the company annually a sum equal to 4 per cent. of the amount expended each year by the company. The contract is to continue for twenty years, and the line is to be completed by July 1, 1897. It is also stipulated that the Government may come into the ownership of the proposed line by paying the cost price of it with 5 per cent. added.

PROVISIONS OF CABLE BILL.

The Company Wants Four Per Cent. Guarantee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Representative Barham introduced Senator Hale's bill to facilitate the construction and maintenance of a telegraphic cable in the Pacific ocean for the use of the Government in its foreign intercourse. The bill provides that the Postmaster-General be authorized to contract with the Pacific Cable Company, a corporation of New Jersey, for the transmission by electrical means between San Francisco and Honolulu of messages on business of the United States during the period of twenty years from July, 1897, and to stipulate in the agreement that the amount paid for such service by the United States shall be computed as follows:

First—The amount actually earned during that year by the cable company in maintaining and operating the cable, there shall be added a sum sufficient to pay four per cent. on the sum actually expended in the construction of the cable.

Second—From such a sum to be computed and paid each year there shall be deducted each year \$40,000.

Third—The remainder shall be paid to the cable company in four equal quarterly payments, provided the amount shall not in any one year exceed the sum agreed upon until the tolls on messages transmitted for us computed at rates charged the public for like service would be in excess of such sum, in which case tolls so in excess shall be computed at one-half current rates and a deduction of \$40,000, herebefore provided for, shall for that year be diminished to the extent of such excess. The company must have the cable in good working order by July 1, 1897, and capable of transmitting not less than fifteen words per minute. Provision is made for reductions in case the cable becomes incompetent to carry messages for the period of 120 consecutive days or more, up to a period of one year, when the Postmaster-General may at his option cancel the contract.

COOTE ON THE CABLE.

Believes Congress Will Give the Money.

Sir Audley Coote of Australia, who came to this country a couple of months ago in the interest of the Pacific cable, and has since been in Washington, D. C., returned here yesterday and is at the Grand, says the Call of January 1st.

He has attended the sessions of Congress, become acquainted with leading American statesmen and talked the cable as best he could. He says everything is working all right.

According to Sir Audley's idea it is only a matter of a little time. He says that everywhere he went he received nothing but encouragement. The beauty of it was that it was backed up in such a way that there could be no doubt about it. It was not talk alone. "You'll get the cable," said he; "there was no question about that. Since I was here I have been in Washington a good deal and have also talked to a great many business men of large purposes.

"Everywhere I went I found the greatest encouragement. The proposition is now that American capital shall control the cable.

"There is no trouble about the necessary money. I cannot now go into all the details, but I can say this much, that everything is in a satisfactory state as could be desired.

"I shall be here for about ten days. I came on with Mr. Coote, who is visiting some friends, and I think you had better say my trip is independent of the cable.

"To Japan is the extent of the proposed cable now. That will make it a distance from here of about 7500 miles. It is by our survey 2550 miles to Honolulu, and on to Yokohama will just about make it 7500 miles. If we were to go on to Australia it would make it about 3000 more, but that is not contemplated.

"Before we get through, however, the entire distance may be included. You can just say that I am so well assured now that the cable will be built that I regard it as a certainty."

Sugar Matters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Senate Finance Committee failed to meet to

day, notwithstanding the instruction of yesterday's caucus, because it was discovered that Senator Jones of Nevada would not act with the Republican members of the committee in reporting the bill without an amendment providing for a duty on sugar. The Republicans of the committee are in the minority without Jones. He takes the position that as the people of the Pacific coast are largely interested in the beet sugar industry, any tariff bill passed should provide for the protection of this interest. If he maintains this position and the Republican caucus does not reverse its instructions, it will be necessary to report the bill adversely, if at all. Senator Perkins will introduce a resolution favoring a specific duty on raw sugar. The people of the West are making strenuous efforts to have the duty on the product raised. The movement will probably receive favorable consideration in the House, but will likely meet with a hard fight in the Senate where the Sugar Trust still has a strong hold.

DAVITT SCORES ENGLAND.

Says America Should Admit Hawaiian Republic as a State.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Michael Davitt was seen by a reporter for the United Press in this city this morning. He is on his way home from Ireland, after a nine months' tour in the Australian colonies. In reply to a question about the English attack on the Transvaal republic the Irish member said:

"The credit for the countermarching of the invasion of the Transvaal is not due to Chamberlain and Salisbury in my humble opinion, but to Cleveland and Olney. The manly and manly attitude which Uncle Sam took upon the Venezuelan question has compelled England to condemn a freebooting expedition which would otherwise have had the political blessing of that pre-eminent land-grabbing nation.

"America ought, in my judgment, to do three things on the first available opportunity, that is—admit the Republic of Hawaii into the family of United States communities; recognize the Cuban patriots, who are, I hope, whipping the Spaniards, and thirdly, instruct her admirals in the Mediterranean to fling a shell or two into the Sultan's palace at Constantinople the next time a single Christian of any nation is murdered or outraged by the unspeakable Turk.

"This act would tell the cowardly Christian monarchies of Europe that there is at least one great nation of humanity which has no dread of the infamous Ottoman empire. Action of this kind would plant the Republic of the United States in the front rank of powers."

Mr. Davitt leaves for Ireland next week.

GILLIG HELPS THEM.

Hawaiian Band Floated Again and Given Food.

MASSILLON, (Ohio), Dec. 29.—The Royal Hawaiian band, which has been stranded here, left the city yesterday. The musicians were almost starved when they arrived, but were provided for by the citizens.

A dispatch was received here from H. M. Gillig at Albany, N. Y., saying that he wished to help them and requesting the Mayor to telegraph him at Chicago. The musicians were too proud to reveal their distress, but Director Libbey was sent to Chicago to consult with Mr. Gillig, who married Mrs. Porter Aase of San Francisco, who was formerly Miss Crocker, daughter of the millionaire, and is very wealthy.

Kamehameha Notes.

Beginning with today Kamehameha will take a three weeks' vacation. The students have been working hard and are glad of the chance for a rest.

A magic lantern show was given in Bernice Pauahi Bishop museum Saturday evening as a closing entertainment for the term. Slides representing scenes in different parts of the world were exhibited.

Music was the order of the evening at Kamehameha Sunday evening. The boys assisted by singers from Waianae gave the young ladies of the institute and others a rare treat.

The game of baseball between the Kamehamehas and Hearts Saturday afternoon resulted in a victory for the former with a score of 17-10.

Louie Aungst to Wed.

L. S. Aungst, well known in this city and throughout the islands, is soon to wed Miss Emma Schoen of San Jose, Cal. The lady is now on a visit to her sister, Mrs. E. E. Richards of Hilo. Mr. Aungst is manager of the Kona-Kau Telephone Company, with headquarters at Kailua, where he and his intended bride will reside. The many friends of Mr. Aungst here send congratulations.

Swindler from the Coast.

Otto Herman, accused of having obtained money under false pretenses from Arthur Wheeler, of the Wheeler Publishing Company, San Francisco, is supposed to have come to this city by the last Australia.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all druggists and dealers. BAXSON, SMITH & CO., Agents for H. I.

QUIET WEEK ON MAUI.

Teachers Meet and Elect Officers for Ensuing Year.

Pala Railroad Office Robbed of \$10. Spreckelsville Plantation Expects Good Crop—Cold Day.

MAUI, Jan. 18.—The circus company gave performances at Pala to good audiences on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The tent was pitched near the depot. On Thursday the canvas and other accessories were set up at Kahului in rear of the saloon. No performance was possible Thursday evening on account of rain, but an exhibition was given Friday night.

Saturday night, the 11th, some one broke into the Pala railroad office, and purloined the cash-box, containing about \$10 in money. The shutter being left open, the burglar forced the window.

W. B. Starkey took charge of the Ulupalakua school last Monday, the 13th. Louis Mideiros goes to Waipio, Hawaii.

At the annual meeting of the Maui Teachers' Association held last Saturday, the 11th, at Wailuku, the following officers were elected: F. W. Hardy, president; O. Abbott, vice-president; D. K. Kawanui, secretary; and Messrs. Dickenson and Harris and Mrs. Heapy, executive committee. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting on the Saturday following Thanksgiving Day. There were 22 teachers present.

During the week Haleakala ranch had a cattle drive and rounded up more than 400 estrays.

It is rumored that Spreckelsville plantation expects of crop of about 12,000 tons.

Maunaloa Seminary has now 60 girls under its charge.

During Friday afternoon, the 17th, a meeting of the stockholders and trustees of the Maui Telephone Company, took place at the Pala plantation office.

On Jan. 13th, the Kahului Railroad Co. issued a new time table. Makawao passengers leaving Pala at 9 A.M., and Wailuku at 1:30, can spend about two and three-quarter hours in the latter place. A resident of Wailuku can spend five or six hours in Makawao going and returning by the train.

During Tuesday morning and evening, the 14th, the thermometer registered 54° in Makawao (Kailuanui), the coldest day of the season.

During Thursday evening, the 16th, at the church and society meetings of the Pala church. G. E. Beckwith was re-elected senior deacon; H. P. Balwin, junior deacon; and R. F. Engle, sup't of the Sunday School. W. Nicholl was chosen trustee of the society in place of W. Ogg now resident at Makawao.

There are fat cattle everywhere on Maui. Stockmen expect to retrieve the losses of the last two years in the gains of the present one.

It is reported that on the first of next month D. Quill will become superintendent of Wailuku roads, vice George Groves resigned.

Friday, the 17th, the schooner Mary Dodge, Hansen master, sailed for San Francisco laden with Pala and Hamakua sugar.

The brig Geneva, Poultice captain, will probably sail today with a cargo of Hawaiian Commercial Company's sugar.

A large schooner hovered about outside the harbor for two days, being prevented from entering port by the south wind. She is the J. D. Tallant with a consignment of general merchandise for the H. C. & S. Co. With the help of the steam launch Mohea, she entered the harbor the 17th, 21 days from San Francisco.

Weather:—Kona wind nearly all the week, with a little rain.

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THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. Lowden and P. J. Voeller under the name of Voeller & Co., doing business as grocers, in the Waring Block, on Beretania street, Honolulu, has been dissolved. P. J. Voeller will continue the business under the name of Voeller & Co., and will assume all the partnership debts, and all sums due or owing to the firm are payable to said P. J. Voeller.

PAUL VOELLER, S. LOWDEN. Dated Honolulu, January 18, 1896.



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Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhea.

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panies 101,650,000

Total reinsurance 107,650,000

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OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and re-

serve, reinsurance 8,830,000

Capital reinsurance com-

panies 35,000,000

Total reinsurance 43,830,000

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